

Sorting Names

Aim:

To write a C program to sort given 'n' names in alphabetical order.

Algorithm:

- 1) Start the program.
- 2) Declare variables 'i', 'j', 'n' and 'cmp'.
- 3) Declare a two dimensional character array to store multiple 'names' and 'tmp' store single name.
- 4) Get number of names 'n'.
- 5) For i equal to 0 to n do the following
 - a). Get the 'name'.
- 6) For i equal to 0 to n do the following
 - a). For j equal to i+1 to n do the following
 - i). Compare 'name[i]', 'name[j]' and store the result in 'cmp'.
 - ii). Check if cmp is greater than 0.
 - I. Copy 'name[i]' to 'tmp'.
 - II. Copy 'name[j]' to 'name[i]'.
 - III. Copy 'tmp' to 'name[j]'.
- 7) Display the sorted names
- 8) For i equal to 0 to n do the following
 - a). Display name.
- 9) Stop the program.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>

void main()
{
    int i,j,n,cmp;
    char name[20][30], tmp[30];
    clrscr();
    printf("\nEnter the number of names: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter Names one by one\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%s",name[i]);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            cmp = strcmp(name[i],name[j]);
            if(cmp>0)
            {
                strcpy(tmp,name[i]);
                strcpy(name[i],name[j]);
                strcpy(name[j],tmp);
            }
        }
    }
    printf("\nSorted Names are...\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("\n%s",name[i]);
    getch();
}
```

Result:

Thus the C program to sort given 'n' names in alphabetical order is executed successfully.